



ROLE OF POLITICAL PARTIES AND PARTY SYSTEM

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ABSTRACT:

Political Parties and party system is very important for our nation .Their characteristics is to fulfil the demands of the people but according to the constitution of that nation. There are so many countries in the world have different types of party system.Multi- partysystem,Two- party system,one-party system according to the constitution of that nation. They present the issues and set goals for the society. We are all living in political nation. Political parties encourage the people to live in liberty, equality,and fraternity in their nation. They solve the problems of the people of the nation but today most of the political members are very corrupted, money laundering cases, fraud cases in it.

Key words: - *Symbols of political parties, Agenda of political parties,Parliament,Voice of people,Types of party system,Constitution.*

INTRODUCTION :

The birth and growth of Political parties is traced from England from the Glories Revolution in 1688.We are all living in political nation. The Political parties have become an indispensable part of modern representative from of government. Party system is a term of art used by political scientists to describe a durable system of political party and voter alignments, Electoral Rules and policy priorities that dominate the political systems Electoral process for same delimited period of time. Party politics is anew phenomena.The founding father of U.S.A describe the influence of parties and even Blontschi's comprehensive theory of state paid no references to party government. Political parties and party system are among the major actors in developing the healthy nation.

Political parties and party system

In the history we have seen that there are no political parties or system because the human beings are lived in moral state or ideal state. They are lived in Natural condition but in modern era the man and the women have Equal rights, Equal opportunities Equal liberty,Equal job opportunities to all of us .The political

parties or party systems are formed because they have history behind them . World War1(1914- 1918)World war2(1939-1945) are the examples that the nation must have strong political system in their nation.

In our daily life we are facing so many problems viz..Regional problems, society problems, National problems. All these problems make barriers in our carrier or in our daily life.These barriers does not solve by single man or single women so the masses of people make solve these problems.These masses of people have their agenda their manifesto, their symbol and they are recognized by election commission of that nation are called political parties. They provide a link between the government and the people. They represent the problems of people in the parliament and their motive is to solve the problems of people in their nation.

Classification of party system

One – party system-

A one party system single- party state is a type of sovereign state in which only one political party has the right to form the government, usally based on the existing government this is called a one – party dominant state. In this

system opposition parties against the dominant ruling party are allowed, but have no real chance of gaining power. For example, In china all power is vested in the communist party of china.

Two- party system-

A two party system is a political party system in which two major political parties constitutently dominant the political landscape. The larger party is able to rule alone although a number of minor parties may Exist. Power alternates between these two parties and prompt decisions are taken and implemented. In U.S.A There are two dominant parties i.e Democracies party and the Republic party.

Multi- party system-

one or more than party system is called multi-party system. Multiple political parties across the political spectrum run for national Elections, and all have the capacity to gain control of government offices, separtly or in coalition. They shared a data infrastructure between the individuals and organization that drive efficiency and build new

National political parties and their role

Here the Examples of symbols of political parties in india



National political parties have many roles. They saw the problems of state, National and International problems also they have many duties and so much responsibility of the country .They represent the voice of people to the parliament. National political parties have their manifesto , their symbol their agenda and they are recognized by election commision. They are elected from the people. A political party is a gathering who meets up to challenges races and holds power in the public authority. They settle

on certain strategies and projects for the general public, with the goal of advancing the aggregate

A Political party is partitioned by three systems

- 1.The Leaders
- 2.The active active members
- 3.The followers

Here the examples of symbols of nationalial political parties that are recognized by Election commission of india:

S. No.	Name	Abbreviation	Logo	Foundation Year
1.	Bhartiya Jantia Party	BJP		1980
2.	Indian National Congress	INC		1885
3.	Communist Party of India (Marxist)	CPI-M		1964
4.	Communist Party of India	CPI		1925
5.	Bahujan Samaj Party	BSP		1984
6.	Nationalist Congress Party	NCP		1999
7.	All India Trinamool Congress	AITC or TMC		1998
8.	National People's Party	NPP		2013

State regional political parties and their role

State regional political parties means that their roles and duties to the state. They represent their manifesto according to the state of the people. They solve the problems and issues of the people in their state regional areas. State regional political parties is very important role because they solve the problems of health, roads, Electricity, and basic needs of the people who live in their state regional areas. Their characteristics is to give good and secure life to the people. They represent the voice of the people in their state legislative assembly. The state political parties are elected by the people of the state regional areas. In India state political parties is recognized by Election commission of India when the candiates set up by the party have secured not

less than six percent of the total valid votes polled in the state.

Here the Examples of Symbols of State regional political parties that are recognized by Election commission of india:

<p>Andhra Pradesh</p> <p>Telangana Rashtra Samithi</p> <p>Telugu Desam</p> <p>Yuvajana Sramika Rythu Congress Party</p>	<p>Jharkhand</p> <p>AJSU Party</p> <p>Jharkhand Mukti Morcha</p> <p>Jharkhand Vikas Morcha (Prajatantrik)</p> <p>Rashtriya Janata Dal</p>	<p>Puducherry</p> <p>All India Anna Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam</p> <p>All India N.R. Congress</p> <p>Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam</p> <p>Pattali Makkal Katchi</p>
<p>Arunachal Pradesh</p> <p>People's Party of Arunachal</p>	<p>Karnataka</p> <p>Janata Dal (Secular)</p>	<p>Punjab</p> <p>Shiromani Akali Dal</p> <p>Aam Aadmi Party</p>
<p>Assam</p> <p>All India United Democratic Front</p> <p>Asom Gana Parishad</p> <p>Bodoland Peoples Front</p>	<p>Kerala</p> <p>Janata Dal (Secular)</p> <p>Kerala Congress (M)</p> <p>Indian Union Muslim League</p> <p>Revolutionary Socialist Party</p>	<p>Sikkim</p> <p>Sikkim Democratic Front</p> <p>Sikkim Krantikari Morcha</p>
<p>Bihar</p> <p>Janata Dal (United)</p> <p>Lok Jan Shakti Party</p> <p>Rashtriya Janata Dal</p> <p>Rashtriya Lok Samta Party</p>	<p>Maharashtra</p> <p>Maharashtra Navnirman Sena</p> <p>Shiv Sena</p>	<p>Tamil Nadu</p> <p>All India Anna Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam</p> <p>Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam</p> <p>Desiya Murpokku Dravida Kazhagam</p>
<p>Goa</p> <p>Maharashtrawadi Gomantak</p> <p>Goa Forward Party</p>	<p>Manipur</p> <p>Naga Peoples Front</p> <p>People's Democratic Alliance</p> <p>National People's Party</p>	<p>Telangana</p> <p>All India Majlis-Eittehadul Muslimeen</p> <p>Telangana Rashtra Samithi</p> <p>Telugu Desam</p> <p>Yuvajana Sramika Rythu Congress Party</p>
<p>Haryana</p> <p>Indian National Lok Dal</p>	<p>Meghalaya</p> <p>United Democratic Party</p> <p>Hill State People's Democratic Party</p> <p>National People's Party</p>	<p>Uttar Pradesh</p> <p>Rashtriya Lok Dal</p> <p>Samajwadi Party</p>
<p>Nagaland</p> <p>Naga Peoples Front</p>	<p>Mizoram</p> <p>Mizo National Front</p> <p>Mizoram People's Conference</p> <p>Zoram Nationalist Party</p>	<p>West Bengal</p> <p>All India Forward Bloc</p> <p>Revolutionary Socialist Party</p>
<p>Delhi</p> <p>Aam Aadmi Party</p>		
<p>Odisha</p> <p>Biju Janata Dal</p>		

As of April 2018; Source: ECI

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CONCLUSION :

Today we have seen that party system and political parties are increasing their party members because their motive is to lose the opposition party members. They do not work for the people and the nation. They work for their own benefits. They are only enjoying the benefits that are given from the constitution of that nation. Their only aim is to work for their own properties. We have also seen that most of the political members are corrupted, Nepotism, bribery, Extortion and patronage. Political corruption is the abuse of public power, office or

resources by elected government officials or personal gain, by Extortion, soliciting or offering bribes. Political corruption is the use of power by government officials or their network contacts by illegitimate private gain. Party members do not work for the party they work only because their motive is to only how we can take benefit from the party.

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